## FORMULAE LIST

The roots of $a x^{2}+b x+c=0$ are $x=\frac{-b \pm \sqrt{\left(b^{2}-4 a c\right)}}{2 a}$

Sine rule:

$$
\frac{a}{\sin \mathrm{~A}}=\frac{b}{\sin \mathrm{~B}}=\frac{c}{\sin \mathrm{C}}
$$

Cosine rule:

$$
a^{2}=b^{2}+c^{2}-2 b c \cos \mathrm{~A} \text { or } \cos \mathrm{A}=\frac{b^{2}+c^{2}-a^{2}}{2 b c}
$$

Area of a triangle: $\quad$ Area $=1 / 2 a b \sin C$

Volume of a sphere: $\quad$ Volume $=\frac{4}{3} \pi r^{3}$

Volume of a cone: $\quad$ Volume $=\frac{1}{3} \pi r^{2} h$

Volume of a Pyramid: $\quad$ Volume $=\frac{1}{3} A h$

Standard deviation: $\quad s=\sqrt{\frac{\sum(x-\bar{x})^{2}}{n-1}}=\sqrt{\frac{\sum x^{2}-\left(\sum x\right)^{2} / n}{n-1}}$, where n is the sample size.

## All questions should be attempted

1. Solve algebraically the system of equations

$$
\begin{aligned}
y & =3 x+2 \\
2 x+3 y & =50
\end{aligned}
$$

2. Simplify $\frac{\sqrt{72}-\sqrt{8}}{16}$ expressing your answer as a surd in its simplest form.
3. The function $f(x)$ is given by the formula $f(x)=2 x^{2}-5$, where $x$ is a real number.
(a) Find the value of $f(-3)$.
(b) Find the values of $a$ for which $f(a)=45$.
4. The diagram shows a cone with radius 10 centimetres and height 21 centimetres.

Taking $\pi=3 \cdot 14$, calculate the volume of the cone.

5. Simplify $\frac{(x+2)^{2}}{x^{2}-2 x-8}$
6.


The equation of the parabola is of the form

$$
y=(x+p)^{2}+q .
$$

Write down the equation of the parabola and state the equation of the axis of symmetry
8. (a) Simplify $\frac{6 x^{3} y^{-\frac{2}{3}}}{3 x y^{-\frac{1}{3}}}$
(b) Evaluate the expression if $x=-2$ and $y=27$
9. Given that $P=\frac{3 b-c}{b}$, express $b$ in terms of $A$ and $c$.
10. Sketch the graph of

$$
f(x)=\sin (x-60)^{\circ}
$$

$$
0 \leq x \leq 360
$$

11. Sandy found a small photo-frame and decided to put one of her favourite photographs in it. The diagram below shows the dimensions of the frame.


The width of the wooden surround is $x \mathrm{~cm}$.

Unfortunately the glass in the centre of the frame was cracked and had to be replaced.
(a) Show that the area of glass needed for the centre of the frame can be given by the formula

$$
A=\left(4 x^{2}-42 x+108\right) \mathrm{cm}^{2}
$$

(b) If the area of glass needed was $54 \mathrm{~cm}^{2}$, find a possible value for $x$.
12. Simplify $\frac{6-6 \sin ^{2} x}{3 \cos x}$

